### **Fiber Optics**



### Plastic Fiber Optic Transmitter Diode Plastic Connector Housing

## SFH450 SFH450V

### Features

- 2.2 mm Aperture holds Standard 1000 Micron Plastic Fiber
- No Fiber Stripping Required
- Good Linearity (Forward current > 2 mA)
- Molded Microlens for Efficient Coupling

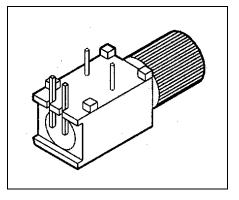
### **Plastic Connector Housing**

- Mounting Screw Attached to the Connector
- Interference Free Transmission from light-Tight Housing
- Transmitter and Receiver can be flexibly positioned
- No Cross Talk
- Auto insertable and Wave solderable
- Supplied in Tubes

### Applications

- Household Electronics
- Power Electronics
- Optical Networks
- Light Barriers

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Туре	Ordering Code
SFH450	Q62702-P1034
SFH450V	Q62702-P0265



SFH450 SFH450V

### **Technical Data**

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# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Limit Values		Unit
	min.	max.	
T <sub>OP</sub>	-40	+85	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	-40	+100	°C
TJ		100	°C
T <sub>S</sub>		260	°C
V <sub>R</sub>		5	V
I <sub>F</sub>		130	mA
I <sub>FSM</sub>		3.5	А
P <sub>TOT</sub>		200	mW
R <sub>thJA</sub>		375	K/W
	$ \begin{array}{c c} T_{OP} \\ \hline T_{STG} \\ \hline T_{J} \\ \hline T_{S} \\ \hline V_{R} \\ \hline V_{R} \\ \hline I_{F} \\ \hline I_{FSM} \\ \hline P_{TOT} \\ \end{array} $	$T_{OP}$ -40 $T_{OP}$ -40 $T_{STG}$ -40 $T_J$ $I$ $T_S$ $I$ $V_R$ $I$ $I_F$ $I$ $I_{FSM}$ $I$ $P_{TOT}$ $I$	min.         max. $T_{OP}$ -40         +85 $T_{STG}$ -40         +100 $T_J$ 100 $T_S$ 260 $V_R$ 5 $I_F$ 130 $I_{FSM}$ 3.5 $P_{TOT}$ 200



### **Technical Data**

### **Characteristics** ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ )

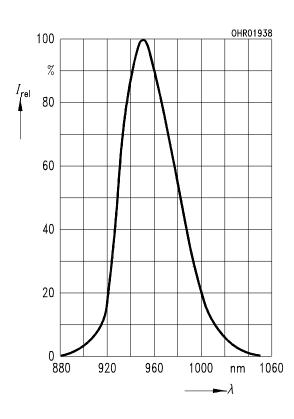
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{\text{Peak}}$	950	nm
Spectral Bandwidth	Δλ	55	nm
Switching Times $(R_{\rm G} = 50 \ \Omega, I_{\rm F(LOW)} = 0.1 \text{ mA}, I_{\rm F(HIGH)} = 50 \text{ mA})$ 10% to 90% 90% to 10%	t <sub>R</sub> t <sub>F</sub>	1 1	μs
Capacitance ( $f = 1$ MHz, $V_{R} = 0$ V)	Co	40	pF
Forward Voltage ( $I_{\rm F}$ = 10 mA)	V <sub>F</sub>	1.3 (≤ 1.5)	V
Output Power Coupled into Plastic Fiber $(I_{\rm F} = 10 \text{ mA})^{1}$	$\Phi_{\sf IN}$	90 (≥ 40)	μW
Temperature Coefficient $\Phi_{IN}$	$TC_{\Phi}$	-0.5	%/K
Temperature Coefficient V <sub>F</sub>	$TC_{V}$	-1.5	mV/K
Temperature Coefficient $\lambda_{Peak}$	$TC_{\lambda}$	0.3	nm/K

<sup>1)</sup> The output power coupled into plastic fiber is measured with a large area detector after a short fiber (about 30 cm). This value must not used for calculating the power budget for a fiber optic system with a long fiber because the numerical aperture of plastics fibers is decreasing on the first meters. Therefore the fiber seems to have compared with the specified value a higher attenuation on the first meters.



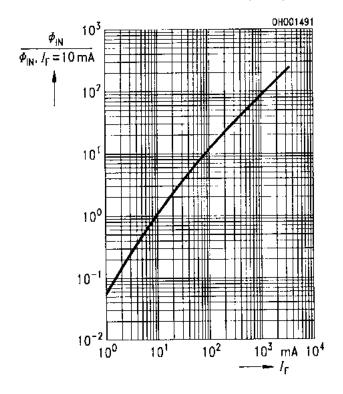
SFH450 SFH450V

### **Technical Data**

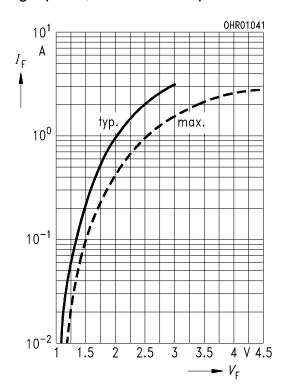


# Relative Spectral Emission $I_{rel} = f(\lambda)$





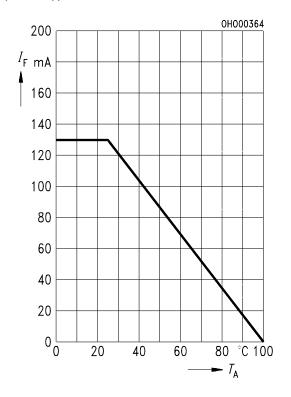
### Forward Current $I_F = f(V_F)$ single pulse, duration = 20 µs



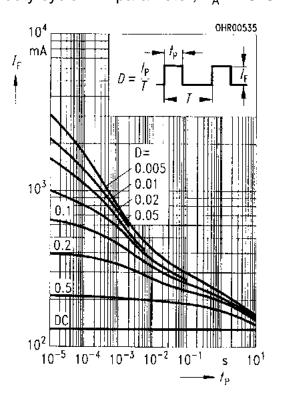


#### **Technical Data**

# Maximum Permissible Forward Current $I_{\rm F} = f(T_{\rm A})$



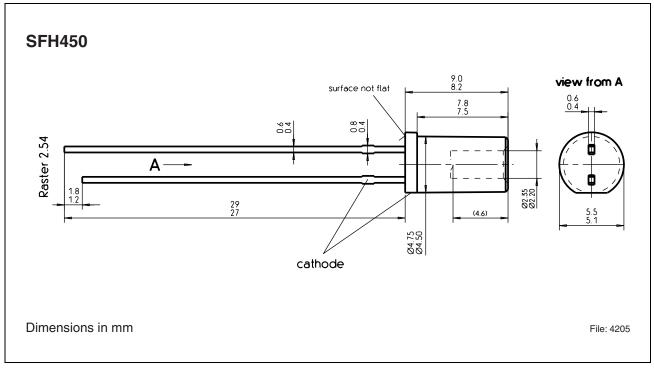
**Permissible Pulse Load**  $I_{\rm F} = f(t_{\rm P})$ , duty cycle D = parameter,  $T_{\rm A} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 



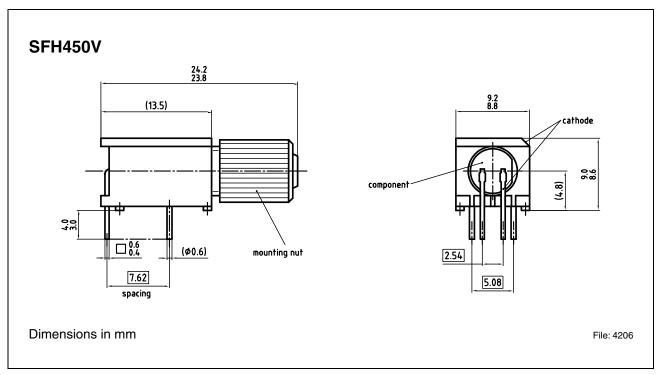


### **Package Outlines**

### **Package Outlines**



### Figure 1





### SFH450 SFH450V

<b>Revision History:</b>	2004-03-19	DS1
Previous Version:	2002-03-14	

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